Medina County Community Development Needs Assessment

The Ohio State University Extension,
Medina County

Ohio State University Extension, Community Development

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This study is conducted every two (2) years by Ohio State Extension Medina County Community Development. The final report was compiled and distributed by Ohio State Extension Medina Community Development Educator IV, Kyle White.

Survey Author(s): Jared Morrison, Ohio State Extension Learning and Organizational Development in collaboration with Kyle White, Ohio State Extension Medina County

Executive Summary

Purpose and Participants

The Ohio State University Extension Community Development, Medina County in collaboration with the College of Agriculture and Environmental Sciences Learning and Organizational Development Department prepared a survey to identify, define and clarify needs according to residents and users of services in Medina County. Between June 1, 2023 and August 31, 2023 an on line survey was promoted using partners such as Medina County Commissioners, the City of Medina, Medina County Library, and during the Medina County Fair, to solicit responses from a broad spectrum of constituents.

A total of 150 responses were received. Based on a total adult population (over age 18) of Medina County of approximately 137,718 the response rate was .01%.

Methodology

On-line Qualtrics Surveys were distributed via e-mail list, QR codes and on posters distributed for posting throughout the county. Dates the survey was active: June 1, 2023 – August 31, 2023

Validity of Results:

Most of the respondents lived in and worked in the City of Medina thus other large residential areas, e.g. Wadsworth and Brunswick were not well represented in this sample.

Multiple questions received limited responses, at times less than 50% thus further reducing the sample size.

Impact:

The margin of error is high and the results are not statistically significant. However the data does offer a glimpse into views of the respondents that provide a launching point for discussion.

Key Takeaways

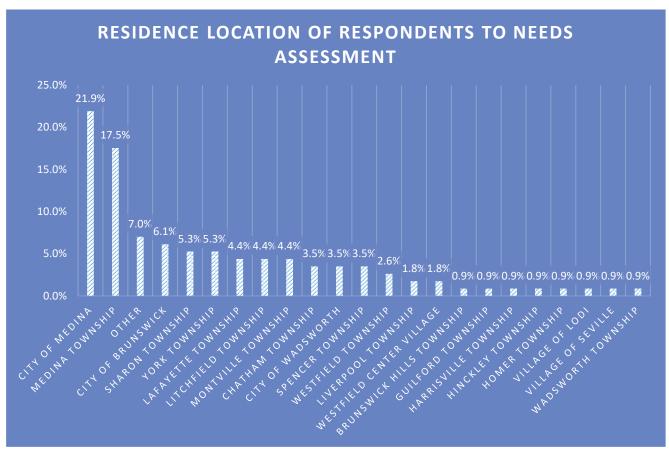
Above average amenities, Medina County

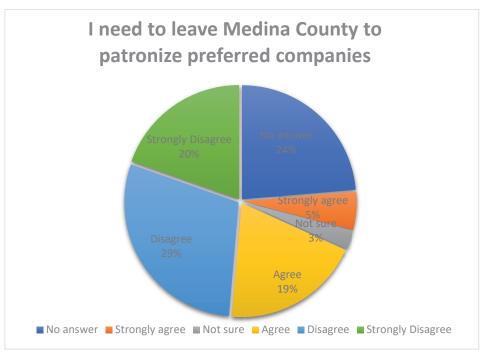
- Parks
- Shopping
- Restaurants
- Healthcare Services

Resources that could be enhanced:

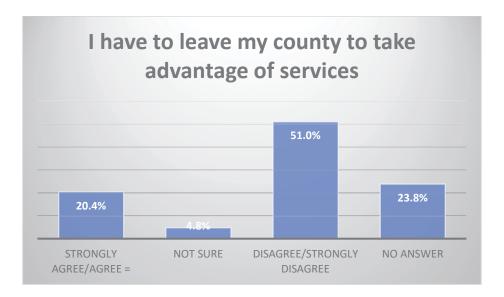
- Helping Job Seekers find employment opportunities, skill up
 - o More Farmers Markets accept EBT cards
- Activities for young adults and teens, awareness of employers and employment opportunities
- Affordable Housing
- Planned development
- More biking, walking/hiking trails
- Improve traffic flow
- Low / no cost clinic brings to mind to promote the free clinic for working residents: https://fcomc.org/ and the Medina County Health Department services.

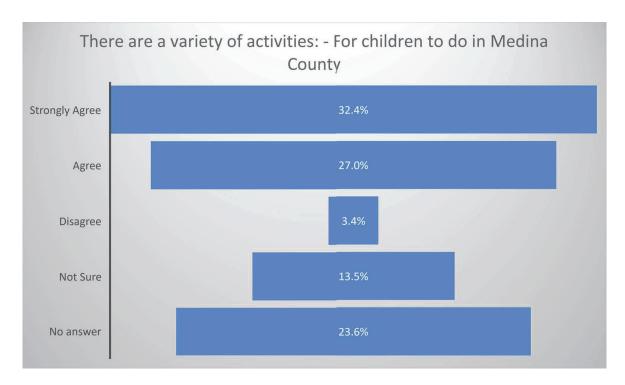
2023 Medina County Extension Community Development Needs Assessment



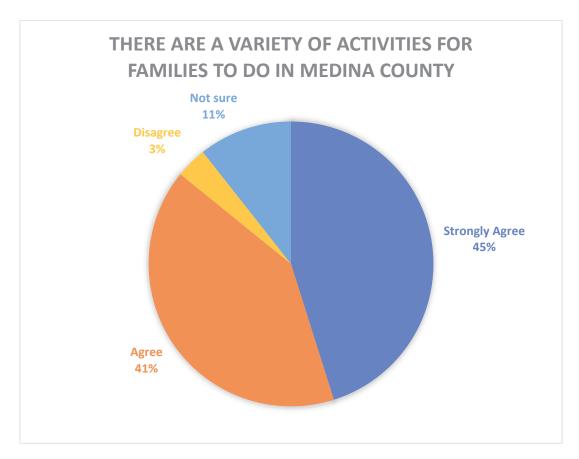


Majority of respondents feel they can stay in the county to receive services.

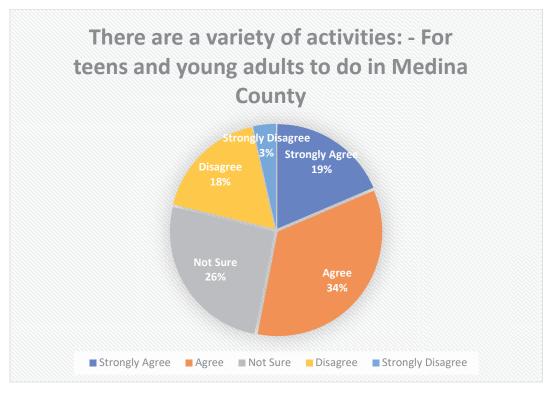




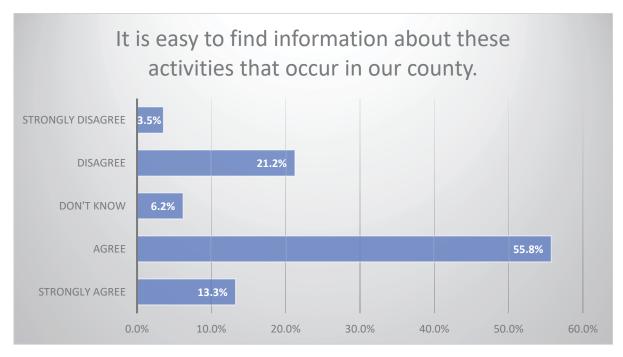
59% of respondents feel that there are sufficient activities for children in Medina County.

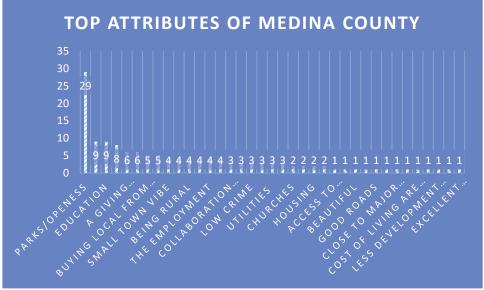


Most respondents felt that there are a variety of activities for families in Medina County.

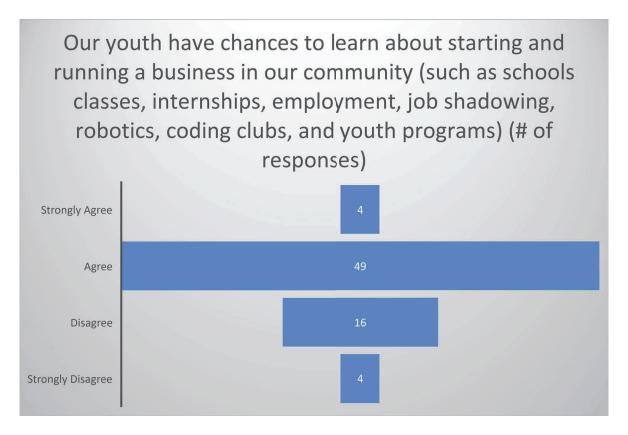


Over 50% of respondents felt there were sufficient activities for teens in Medina County, and the vast majority felt they were able to learn about these activities.





Parks are a resounding winner of the top attributes in the county





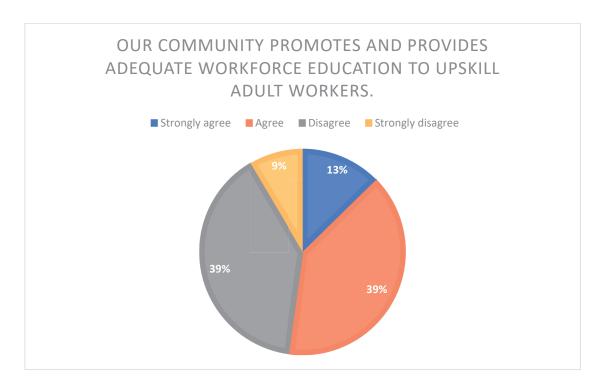




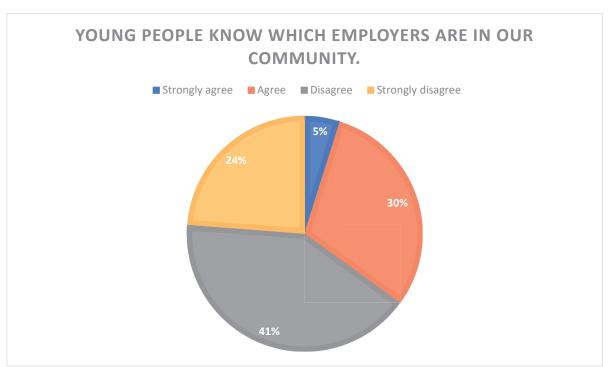
Agree/Strongly Agree total: 41

Disagree/Strongly
Disagree 39

Almost 50/50 in the perception that youth are ready (or not) for workforce when they graduate from high school.

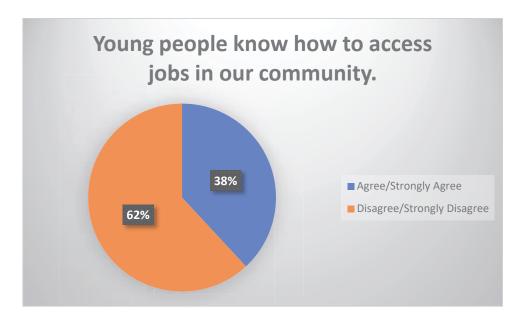


Most of respondents (52%) did not answer this question.

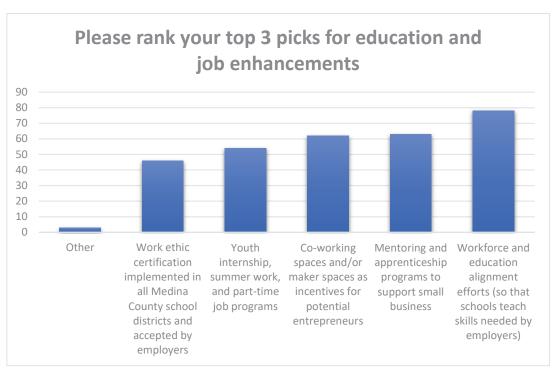


55% of respondents did not answer this question.

Of those who did, the vast majority do not believe that young people know which employers are in our community.



57% of respondents did not answer this question.

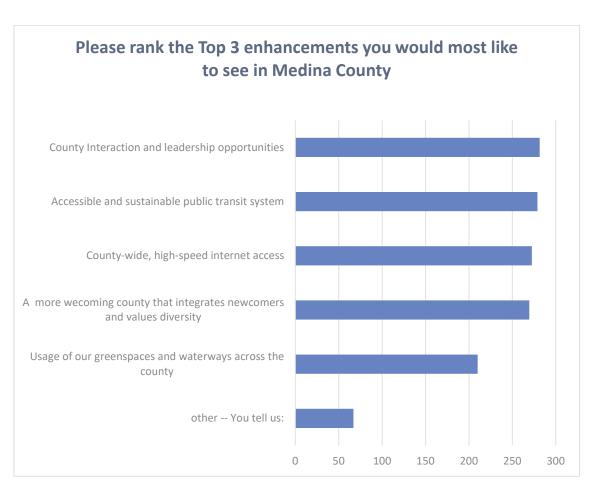


Internet Service at home adequately serves my needs	Percentage
Strongly agree	30.2%
Agree	52.3%
Disagree	8.1%
Strongly disagree	9.3%

The lack of access to high-speed internet affects Medina county's ability to retain/attract young people.	Column1	
Strongly agree		1.5%
Agree		26.2%
Disagree		35.4%
Strongly disagree		36.9%

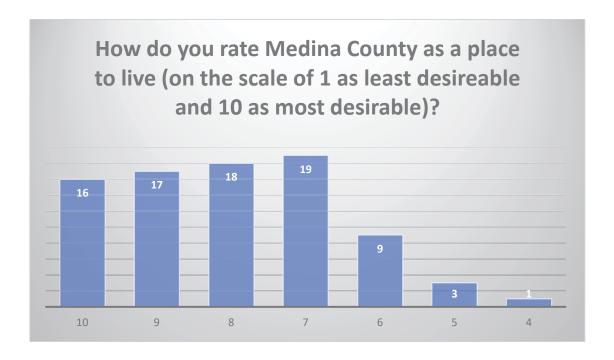
Among this group of respondents, access to internet was not a problem.

People from a variety of backgrounds work together to make our county a better place.	
Strongly agree	19.2%
Agree	53.8%
Disagree	21.8%
Strongly disagree	5.1%



How do you rate Medina County as a place to live (on the scale of 1 as least desirable and 10 as most desirable)?

83 responses, **8.0 average**



What do YOU think is/are the greatest assets of Medina County?	
Parks/openness	29
Appreciation of historic structures in Medina and some other towns/downtowns/square/Medina	
County Courthouse	9
Education	9
Libraries	8
A giving community/quality community	6
Public services	6
Buying local from farmers/agriculture/farmland	5
Entertainment/diversity of experiences/experiences for all ages/experiences for senior citizens	5
Small town vibe	4
Access to businesses	4
Being rural	4
Close to highways	4

The employment	4
Friendly population.	4
Collaboration between businesses and community members	3
Collaboration between agencies	3
Low crime	3
Strong in values	3
Utilities	3
Recreational options that come from a large city on a water/recreation centers	3
Churches	2
Freedom	2
Housing	2
Mix of rural and small city	2
Access to healthcare	1
Access to retail	1
Beautiful	1
Cleanliness	1
Good roads	1
Good zoning practices	1
Close to major cities	1
Excellent county/township/village government	1
Cost of living are manageable (though housing is not affordable to many).	1
3 acre rule for new build	1
Less development neighborhoods	1
Human resources	1
Excellent restaurants	1

What do YOU think is vital for the future of Medina County?	Column1
Controlled development /urban planning	18
Affordable housing	12
Encourage and welcome more diversity/equity/inclusion	11
Public Transit / transit for disabled and senior citizens/commuter transit to Cleveland	8
Land conservation	7
Excellent Schools	7
Keep a rural hometown atmosphere (with lots of community involvement and pride)	6
Jobs, well paying jobs	4
Funding support for lower socioeconomic individuals to access career training and transportation.	4
Programs to help homeless/homeless shelter	4
Collaboration	3
More biking trails in townships and villages	3
Internet connectivity/high speed internet	3
Less Empty buildings, investment in remodeling of existing structures	3
Leadership that represents everyone/diversity in leadership/connection between townships and	
Medina City	3
More learning opportunities across the lifespan/opportunities to meet, learn and work with people of different ages/ethnicities/economic status	3
Traffic control/better infrastructure to improve traffic flow	3
Economic Development to attract companies that attract new residents and provide employment	
opportunities	2
OB/GYN unit at hospital/quality pre-natal care, perinatal care and postnatal care in Medina	2
Farmers Markets, Agriculture	2
County wide central information links for every city, festival, resource directory, government directory, restaurant guide, etc.	2
Strong values	2
Allow Accessory units to be built on private property	2
Better collaboration of Social Service Agencies	1
Workforce Issue needs to be addressed to bring in jobs.	1
Low taxes/affordable living/fiscal wisdom by leaders	1
Involvement of teenagers in businesses/training for youth	1
Diversified Shopping options	1
Free community events	1
Bright future	1
Strong parenting	1
More Drug and Rehab services.	1
Healthcare access to seniors and disabled	1
Vintage car shows	1
Address bullying in the schools	1
Keep extreme liberal thinking out of county	1

Mental health programs	1
Funding for the Library	1
More restaurants/modern amenities	1

What do YOU think is the one gap that if filled could have the greatest impact on the quality of life in Medina County?	Feedback	Frequency
Affordability/affordable housing/lower taxes/affordable for young families	Workforce housing	13
Public transit/More consistent transportation system/Public transit to rural areas		13
DEI including LGBTQ/Address racism/equity in access to education. More diversity		5
Programs for homeless/homeless shelter	House the homeless who camp out on the streets	5
More high paying jobs/Tech jobs/more jobs		5
System of trails connecting cities, villages and townships	More sidewalks and bike paths/lanes (not just in the cities)	4
Urban Planning	Getting school districts more involved in zoning to learn how to limit population growth & encourage business growth (businesses pay more % of taxes, rather than just blackmailing the voters (cutting busing & special programs.) Refer to Columbus shopping planning. One entry at each end of a shopping area with access driveway to stores as secondary street. One is needed behind from bowling alley/giant eagle to BP gas on north side, for example	4

Enforce traffic laws/Traffic/Truck traffic	4
More childcare options/Free preschool/affordable child care	3
Land conservation	2
More high quality restaurants	2
Short term housing for at risk families	2
More access to high speed wireless options	2
Labor and Delivery in county	2
Lifeskills taught for all, little cost (i.e. money management, managing household needs, etc) in schools to prepare kids for life after they leave their parent's homes), education on health lifestyles	1
Caring for veterans	1
Sidewalks in township developments	1
Mental health Services	1
Help for Senior Citizens	1
Workforce development/skills gap	1
Township has no noise ordinances. Older folks moving out/downsizing and folks moving in have no courtesies for neighbors - guns, lawn care eqpt, 4 wheelers, fireworks, and even a most loud motorized parachute thing, etc. now a constant sunup to well past sundown. No peace/quiet which is why we moved out here 25 yrs ago. Just bought 45 acres in nowhere NE Arizona to retire to. No annoying neighbors.	1

Toughen home rule		1
Air quality and unhealthy		1
pollutants from factories i.e.		
the shingle co.		
Better services for people with		1
special needs		
Public discussion on	Communication with the public	1
controversial issues		
Authentic and meaningful		1
acceptance of diverse		
viewpoints and ethnicities. The		
unrelenting poison seeping out		
of the political system		
nationally is taking root locally		
and this is heartbreaking to		
see.		
Job placement	Getting qualified folks into job	1
	positions. I think a lot of people	
	really don't know how to apply	
	and look for skilled jobs, or, they would be willing to learn a skilled	
	job, but employers don't always	
	have the time or set up to do	
	more in-depth training. Many	
	young folks also don't know what	
	they want to do.	
Farmers markets	Include more Farmer's Markets	1
	that accept the Ohio	
	Direction/EBT Card, such as the	
	Wadsworth Farmer's Market.	
More medical specialists		1
Not sure Medina is pretty		1
wonderful. A cheap,		
independent health care place		
for Medina county residents		
Better infrastructure		1
Nightlife in Medina		1
Programs for youth	Helping youth to feel empowered	1

Services for low income, retired, youth	When any levy passes in this county it is only the homeowners that have to bare the burden. Lots of people make use of the services and the school system that don't own homes. It puts a real burden on retirees who are living in their own home on a	1
	fixed income.	

Appendix

A: Qualtrics Survey

B: Medina County Ohio Profile, Ohio Department of Development

2023 Medina County Extension Community Development Survey - FINAL - Copy

Start of Block: Default Question Block

Q2 2023 Medina County Extension Community Development Survey
Hello! As the Community Development Extension Educator for Ohio State Extension Medina County, I invite you to complete this brief survey of your opinions about needs, assets and opportunities in Medina County. Your responses are confidential and will be aggregated and used in a final report to the OSU Extension Advisory Committees. The survey should take about 15 minutes. Please take your time and thoughtfully consider your answers, they will make a difference in service planning for Ohio State Extension.
Kyle White Community Development Extension Educator, Medina County
medina.osu.edu
O Click to write Choice 1 (7)
Q1 I live in:
▼ Brunswick Hills Township (1) Other (27)
Display This Question:
If I live in: = Other
Q12 If "other" selected for where you reside, please type specific location:

Ω 3	н	work in:
\sim	- 1	VV OIN III.

▼ Brunswick Hills Township (1) Other (27)
Display This Question:
If I work in: = Other
Q13 If you selected "other" for where you work, please enter the specific location:

Q4

Section 1: County Vitality

Share your thoughts on the following county qualities. Please select the answer that best reflects your opinion on each of the following statements.

Q5 Please answer each of the statements.

	I have to leave my county:				
	Strongly Disagree (1)	Disagree (2)	Agree (3)	Strongly Agree (4)	Not Sure (5)
To take advantage of services (1)	0	0	0	0	\circ
Purchase Products (3)	0	0	\circ	\circ	0
Patronize businesses that I prefer (4)	0	0	0	0	0

Q42 Please answer each of the statements.

Strongly Disagree (2) Agree (3) Strongly Agree (4) Not Sure (5) To take advantage of services (1) To purchase products (3)
advantage of services (1) To purchase
·
To patronize businesses that I prefer (4)

Q43 Please answer each of the statements.

	There are a variety of activities:				
	Strongly Disagree (1)	Disagree (2)	Agree (3)	Strongly Agree (4)	Not Sure (5)
For children to do in Medina County (1)	\circ	\circ	0	0	0
For families to do in Medina County (3)	\circ	\circ	\circ	0	0
For teens and young adults to do in Medina County (4)	0	0	0	0	0

O Strongly agree (1)	
O Agree (2)	
O Disagree (3)	
O Strongly disagree (4)	
O Don't know (5)	
*	
Q10 Please rank the TOP 3 attributes you find most valuable about Medina County (use numbers to indicate rank owest):	– 1 highest, 3
Tip: Drag and drop your top three priorities into the box.	
Top Three Priorities	
Parks, trails and other public spaces (such as recreation center, library, community plaza) (1)	
Shopping and dining (including grocery stores, restaurants and other retail) (2)	
Art and cultural activities (art in the park, civic theater, museums, festivals) (3)	
Downtown (beautification, storefronts, socializing, special events) (4)	
Access to quality affordable healthcare services (including hospital, primary and specialty care) (5)	
Collaboration (6)	
Other (please specify): (7)	

Q9 It is easy to find information about these activities that occur in our county.

Q14 Section 2: Community Education

Share your thoughts about preparing the next generation's workforce through education. Please choose the answer that best reflects your opinion on each of the following statements.

internships, employment, job shadowing, robotics, coding clubs, and youth programs)
O Strongly agree (1)
O Agree (2)
Obisagree (3)
O Strongly disagree (4)
O Not sure (5)
Q16 Our youth have ample opportunities for vocational training.
O Strongly agree (1)
O Agree (2)
O Disagree (3)
O Strongly disagree (4)
O Not sure (5)
Q17 Our youth learn life skills (financial literacy, basic sewing, basic trades) in our schools.
O Strongly agree (1)
O Agree (2)
O Disagree (3)
O Strongly disagree (4)
O Not sure (5)

Q15 Our youth have chances to learn about starting and running a business in our community (such as schools classes,

Q18 When our youth graduate from high school they are prepared for the workforce.
O Strongly agree (1)
O Agree (2)
Obisagree (3)
Strongly disagree (4)
O Not sure (5)
Q19 Youth in our community are encouraged to share their thoughts about local needs and priorities.
O Strongly agree (1)
O Agree (2)
Obisagree (3)
Strongly disagree (4)
O Not sure (5)
Q20 Our community promotes and provides adequate workforce education to "skill up" adult workers.
O Strongly agree (1)
O Agree (2)
Obisagree (3)
O Strongly disagree (4)
Opon't know (5)

Q21 Young people know which employers are in our community.	
O Strongly agree (1)	
O Agree (2)	
Obisagree (3)	
O Strongly disagree (4)	
O Don't know (5)	
Q44 Young people know how to access jobs in our community.	
O Strongly agree (1)	
O Agree (2)	
Obisagree (3)	
O Strongly disagree (4)	
O Don't know (5)	
Q22 Please rank your top 3 picks for education and job enhancements (use numbers to rank 1 highest, 3 lowest). Tip: Drag and drop your top three priorities to the first, second, and third positions. Workforce and education alignment efforts (so that schools teach skills needed by employers) (1) Co-working spaces and/or maker spaces as incentives for potential entrepreneurs (2) Youth internship, summer work, and part-time job programs (3) Mentoring and apprenticeship programs to support small business (4) Work ethic certification implemented in all Medina County school districts and accepted by employers (5) Other (please specify): (6)	
Q23 Section 3: County Connectivity Share your thoughts on the following items that address connecting people and resources in your county.	

Q2	4 People from a variety of backgrounds work together to make our county a better place.
	O Strongly agree (1)
	O Agree (2)
	O Disagree (3)
	O Strongly disagree (4)
	O Not Sure (5)
Q2!	5 The internet service I have at my home adequately serves my needs.
	O Strongly agree (1)
	O Agree (2)
	O Disagree (3)
	O Strongly disagree (4)
	O Not applicable (5)
Q2	7 The lack of access to high-speed internet affects Medina county's ability to retain/attract young people.
	O Strongly agree (1)
	O Agree (2)
	O Disagree (3)
	O Strongly disagree (4)
	O Not sure (5)

Q28
Please rank the Top 3 enhancements you would most like to see in Medina County (use numbers to rank 1 highest, 3
lowest):
Tip: Drag and drop your top three priorities to the first, second, and third positions.
County interaction and leadership opportunities (1)
Accessible and sustainable public transit system (2)
A more welcoming county that integrates newcomers and values diversity (3)
County-wide, high-speed internet access (4)
Usage of our greenspaces, and waterways across the county (5)
Other (please specify): (6)

Q45 Please answer each of the statements.

	More	accessibility to publ	ic transportation	would remove a barr	ier to:
	Strongly Disagree (1)	Disagree (2)	Agree (3)	Strongly Agree (4)	Not Sure (5)
my mental health (1)	0	0	\circ	\circ	\circ
My social health (3)	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
My financial health (4)	\circ	\circ	\circ	0	\circ
Q29 Section 4: Fu t	ture Plans and Ba	ckground Informa	tion		
Q30 How do you r	ate Medina Coun	ty as a place to live	e (on the scale of	f 1 as least desirable	and 10 as more de
0 (0)					
O 1 (1)					
O 2 (2)					
O 3 (3)					
O 4 (4)					
O 5 (5)					
O 6 (6)					
O 7 (7)					
0 8 (8)					
9 (9)					
O 10 (10)					

Q31 V	What do YOU think is/are the greatest assets of Medina County? (name 1 or 2)	
_		
_		
-		
_		
Q33 V	What do YOU think is vital for the future of Medina County? (name 1 or 2)	
-		
_		
_		
-		
Q34 V	What do YOU think is the one gap that if filled could have the greatest impact of	n the quality of life in Medina County?
-		
_		
_		
-		
Dago	Break	

kample, can be determined.
35 Gender
O Male (1)
O Female (2)
O Non-binary / third gender (3)
O Prefer not to answer (4)
36 Age range
O Under Age 18 (9)
18-24 years old (1)
25-34 years old (2)
35-44 years old (3)
45-54 years old (4)
55-64 years old (5)
65 - 74 years old (6)
75 years or older (7)
O Prefer not to answer (8)

Q32 Finally, please respond to the following brief questions about you. Your personal information will not be shared with anyone. All information received will be combined so that the overall trends by gender, age, and years of residence for

	O I am still attending school (8)
	O Did not finish high school (1)
	O High school graduate (2)
	O Some college education (3)
	O Completed a technical education or associates degree (4)
	O Bachelor's degree (5)
	O Master's degree or higher (6)
	O Prefer not to answer (7)
Q3	8 Please check your employment status.
	O Student (7)
	College student (4)
	O Employed (1)
	O Unemployed (2)
	Retired (3)
	Stay home parent/guardian/homemaker (5)
	O Prefer not to answer (6)

Q37 Please share the highest level of education that you have completed

Q39 Please specify your race.
American Indian or Alaska Native (1)
O Asian (2)
O Black or African American (3)
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (4)
O Two or more races (5)
White (6)
Other (7)
O Prefer not to answer (8)
Q40 Ethnicity
O Hispanic or Latino (1)
O Not Hispanic or Latino (2)
O Prefer not to answer (3)
Q41 How many years have you lived in Medina County? (please enter number)
Q48 How many years have you worked in Medina County? (please enter number)
Q47 If you would like a copy of the final survey results please provide your email address:
Q46 Thank you for completing this survey. Please click on next to submit your answers.

End of Block: Future Plans

Ohio County Profiles

Prepared by the Office of Research

2021 Edition



Medina County

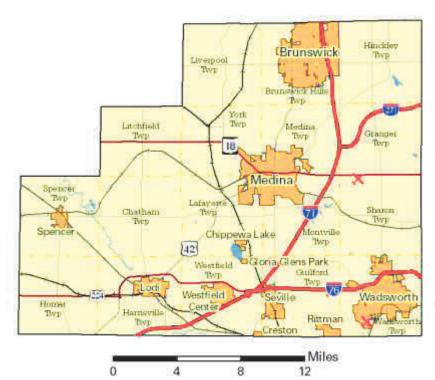
Established: Act - February 18, 1812

2020 Population: 182,470

Land Area: 421.6 square miles

County Seat: Medina City

Named for: Arabian city where Mohammed is buried





Taxes

Taxable value of real property	\$5,658,827,220
Residential	\$4,553,545,990
Agriculture	\$197,355,150
Industrial	\$193,399,570
Commercial	\$714,190,740
Mineral	\$335,770
Ohio income tax liability	\$163,550,630
Average per return	\$1,785.37

Land Use/Land Cover	Percent
Developed, Lower Intensity	18.15%
Developed, Higher Intensity	2.68%
Barren (strip mines, gravel pits, etc.)	0.07%
Forest	31.41%
Shrub/Scrub and Grasslands	0.44%
Pasture/Hay	24.48%
Cultivated Crops	19.85%
Wetlands	2.08%
Open Water	0.82%

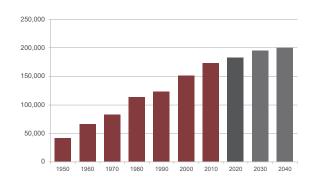
Largest Places	Census 2020	Census 2010
Brunswick city	35,426	34,255
Medina city	26,094	26,678
Wadsworth city	24,007	21,567
Montville twp	13,131	11,185
Brunswick Hills twp	11,196	9,898
Medina twp	9,183	8,537
Hinckley twp	8,025	7,646
Lafayette twp UB	6,045	5,576
Sharon twp	5,966	5,111
Liverpool twp	5,750	5,127

UB: Unincorporated balance.

Total Population

Census			
1800		1910	23,598
1810		1920	26,067
1820	3,082	1930	29,677
1830	7,560	1940	33,034
1840	18,352	1950	40,417
1850	24,441	1960	65,315
1860	22,517	1970	82,717
1870	20,092	1980	113,150
1880	21,453	1990	122,354
1890	21,742	2000	151,095
1900	21,958	2010	172,332

2020	182,470
Projected	
2030 2040	194,510 199,890





County Pro	illes		IVI		ourity
Population by Race	Number	Percent	Population by Age	Number	Percen
ACS Total Population	177,980	100.0%	ACS Total Population	177,980	100.0%
White	169,681	95.3%	Under 5 years	9,485	5.3%
African-American	2,675	1.5%	5 to 17 years	30,777	17.39
Native American	261	0.1%	18 to 24 years	13,426	7.5%
Asian	1,997	1.1%	25 to 44 years	41,603	23.49
Pacific Islander	0	0.0%	45 to 64 years	51,882	29.29
Other	713	0.4%	65 years and more	30,807	17.39
Two or More Races	2,653	1.5%	Median Age	42.2	
Hispanic (may be of any race)	3,760	2.1%			
Total Minority	10,981	6.2%	Family Type by Presence of		
			Own Children Under 18	Number	Doroon
Educational Attainment			Total Families	48,615	Percen 100.0%
	Number	Percent		10,010	100.07
Persons 25 years and over	124,292	100.0%	Married-couple families	45 470	04.00
No high school diploma	6,142	4.9%	with own children Male householder, no wife	15,479	31.89
High school graduate	38,487	31.0%	present, with own children	1,415	2.99
Some college, no degree	25,691	20.7%	Female householder, no husband	1,415	2.57
Associate degree	11,806	9.5%	present, with own children	2,812	5.89
Bachelor's degree Master's degree or higher	28,082 14,084	22.6% 11.3%	Families with no own children	28,909	59.59
Family Type by			Poverty Status of Families		
Employment Status	Number	Doroont	By Family Type by Presence		
Total Families	Number 48,432	Percent 100.0%	Of Related Children	Number	Percen
	40,402	100.070	Total Families	48,615	100.09
Married couple, husband and wife in labor force	22,589	46.6%	Family income above poverty level	46,608	95.99
Married couple, husband in	22,309	40.076	Family income below poverty level	2,007	4.19
labor force, wife not	7,802	16.1%	Married couple,		
Married couple, wife in labor	7,002	10.170	with related children	408	0.89
force, husband not	2,702	5.6%	Male householder, no wife		
Married couple, husband and	,		present, with related children	105	0.29
wife not in labor force	6,824	14.1%	Female householder, no husband		
Male householder,			present, with related children	1,028	2.19
in labor force	2,300	4.7%	Families with no related children	466	1.0%
Male householder,					
not in labor force	505	1.0%	D (1)		
Female householder,			Ratio of Income		
in labor force	4,029	8.3%	To Poverty Level	Number	Percen
Female householder,			Population for whom poverty status		
not in labor force	1,681	3.5%	is determined	176,302	100.09
			Below 50% of poverty level	4,331	2.5%
Household Income	NII.	Dan	50% to 99% of poverty level	6,296	3.69
Total Households	Number	Percent	100% to 124% of poverty level	3,736	2.19
	69,007	100.0%	125% to 149% of poverty level	4,121	2.3%
Less than \$10,000	2,189	3.2%	150% to 184% of poverty level	7,804	4.4%
\$10,000 to \$19,999	3,736	5.4%	185% to 199% of poverty level	3,953	2.2%
\$20,000 to \$29,999	4,775	6.9%	200% of poverty level or more	146,061	82.8%

7.9%

7.8%

7.3%

10.4%

14.5%

20.9%

8.4%

7.3%

5,458

5,385

5,072

7,175

10,016

14,402

5,770

5,029

\$76,600

Geographical Mobility Number Percent Population aged 1 year and older 176,238 100.0% Same house as previous year 158,669 90.0% Different house, same county 8,333 4.7% Different county, same state 6,979 4.0% Different state 2,058 1.2% Abroad 199 0.1%

\$30,000 to \$39,999

\$40,000 to \$49,999

\$50,000 to \$59,999

\$60,000 to \$74,999

\$75,000 to \$99,999

\$100,000 to \$149,999

\$150,000 to \$199,999

Median household income

\$200,000 or more

26.3

19.1



Travel Time To Work	Number	Percent		
Workers 16 years and over	87,247	100.0%		
Less than 15 minutes	21,119	24.2%		
15 to 29 minutes	28,426	32.6%		
30 to 44 minutes	22,212	25.5%		
45 to 59 minutes	9,527	10.9%		
60 minutes or more	5,963	6.8%		
A.A	07.0	07.0 : 1		

Mean travel time	27.3 minutes

Housing Units	Number	Percent
Total housing units	72,430	100.0%
Occupied housing units	69,007	95.3%
Owner occupied	55,128	79.9%
Renter occupied	13,879	20.1%
Vacant housing units	3,423	4.7%

Year Structure Built	Number	Percent
Total housing units	72,430	100.0%
Built 2014 or later	1,603	2.2%
Built 2010 to 2013	2,094	2.9%
Built 2000 to 2009	12,510	17.3%
Built 1990 to 1999	14,021	19.4%
Built 1980 to 1989	7,293	10.1%
Built 1970 to 1979	13,549	18.7%
Built 1960 to 1969	5,666	7.8%
Built 1950 to 1959	6,676	9.2%
Built 1940 to 1949	1,705	2.4%
Built 1939 or earlier	7,313	10.1%
Median year built	1982	

Value for Specified Owner-

Occupied Housing Units	Number	Percent
Specified owner-occupied housing units	55,128	100.0%
Less than \$20,000	705	1.3%
\$20,000 to \$39,999	176	0.3%
\$40,000 to \$59,999	471	0.9%
\$60,000 to \$79,999	818	1.5%
\$80,000 to \$99,999	2,267	4.1%
\$100,000 to \$124,999	4,323	7.8%
\$125,000 to \$149,999	5,735	10.4%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	14,047	25.5%
\$200,000 to \$299,999	16,055	29.1%
\$300,000 to \$499,999	8,324	15.1%
\$500,000 to \$999,999	1,817	3.3%
\$1,000,000 or more	390	0.7%
Median value	\$196,300	

House Heating Fuel	Number	Percent
Occupied housing units	69,007	100.0%
Utility gas	50,562	73.3%
Bottled, tank or LP gas	3,120	4.5%
Electricity	11,826	17.1%
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	1,433	2.1%
Coal, coke or wood	1,036	1.5%
Solar energy or other fuel	711	1.0%
No fuel used	319	0.5%

Percentages may not sum to 100% due to rounding.

Number	Percent
13,879	100.0%
103	0.7%
50	0.4%
308	2.2%
391	2.8%
484	3.5%
522	3.8%
1,592	11.5%
1,854	13.4%
1,783	12.8%
1,606	11.6%
3,449	24.9%
1,109	8.0%
628	4.5%
\$874	
	13,879 103 50 308 391 484 522 1,592 1,854 1,783 1,606 3,449 1,109 628

Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Specified OwnerOccupied Housing Units

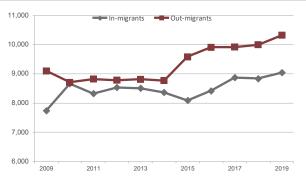
Median monthly owners cost as a percentage of household income

of household income

Occupied Housing Units	Number	Percent
Specified owner-occupied housing units		
with a mortgage	37,778	100.0%
Less than \$400	93	0.2%
\$400 to \$599	727	1.9%
\$600 to \$799	2,006	5.3%
\$800 to \$999	3,823	10.1%
\$1,000 to \$1,249	5,985	15.8%
\$1,250 to \$1,499	6,656	17.6%
\$1,500 to \$1,999	10,173	26.9%
\$2,000 to \$2,999	6,713	17.8%
\$3,000 or more	1,602	4.2%
Median monthly owners cost	\$1,485	

Vital Statistics	Number	Rate
Births / rate per 1,000 women aged 15 to 44	1,587	50.8
Teen births / rate per 1,000 females 15-19	23	14.5
Deaths / rate per 100,000 population	1,506	837.8

Domestic Migration





Agriculture		Communications	
Land in farms (acres)	99,325	Television stations	0
Number of farms	1,149	Radio stations	0
Average size (acres)	86	Daily newspapers	1
Total cash receipts	\$51,523,000	Circulation	7,700
Per farm	\$44,842	Average monthly unique visitors	90,000
Receipts for crops	\$38,203,000	Weekly newspapers	0
Receipts for livestock/products	\$13,320,000	Circulation	0
1 toodipto for invocation products	Ψ10,020,000	Average monthly unique visitors	0
		Online only	0
Education		Average monthly unique visitors	0
Traditional public schools buildings	42		
Students	25,598	Crime	
Teachers (Full Time Equivalent)	1,886.6	Total crimes reported in Uniform Crime Report	1,250
Expenditures per student	\$9,680	Violent crime	72
Graduation rate	96.2	Property crime	1,178
Community / also arts and a also havillating as	0	1 Topolity offine	1,170
Community/charter schools buildings	0		
Students	0	Finance	
Teachers (Full Time Equivalent)	0.0	FDIC insured financial institutions (HQs)	2
Expenditures per student		Assets (000)	\$2,095,745
Graduation rate		Branch offices	47
Private schools	5	Institutions represented	16
Students	1,337	Transfer Douments	
		Transfer Payments	A
4-year public universites	0	Total transfer payments	\$1,527,629,000
Regional campuses	0	Payments to individuals	\$1,487,336,000
2-year public colleges/satellites	0	Retirement and disability	\$684,425,000
Ohio Technical Centers	1	Medical payments	\$641,316,000
Private universities and colleges	0	Income maintenance (Supplemental SSI,	¢04.000.000
Public libraries (Districts / Facilities)	2 / 8	family assistance, food stamps, etc)	\$61,699,000
,	- / 0	Unemployment benefits Veterans benefits	\$11,684,000
Transportation		Federal education and training assistance	\$50,379,000 \$22,260,000
Registered motor vehicles	212,525	Other payments to individuals	\$15,573,000
Passenger cars	145,014	• •	
Noncommercial trucks	24,385	Total personal income	\$10,315,006,000
Total license revenue	\$5,640,012.71	Depedency ratio	14.8%
Permissive tax revenue	\$3,746,677.50	(Percent of income from transfer payments)	
	, , ,	Voting	
Interstate highway miles	45.02	Number of registered voters	130,169
Turnpike miles	0.00		
U.S. highway miles	39.45	Voted in 2020 election	106,755
State highway miles	163.29	Percent turnout	82.0%
County, township, and municipal road miles	1,166.40	Otata Dania Fanata Natura Duarana	
Commercial airports	3	State Parks, Forests, Nature Preserve	es,
Confinercial all ports	3	Scenic Waterways, And Wildlife Areas	3
		Areas/Facilities	3
Health Care		Acreage	788
Physicians	305	D 0 '' D 11	
		Per Capita Personal Income	
Registered hospitals	2	\$60,000	_
Number of beds	168		
Licensed nursing homes	13	\$55,000	
Number of beds	1,097	\$50,000	
Licensed residential care	1,097	950,000	
Number of beds	1,250	\$45,000	
14dilipor of bods	1,230		
Persons with health insurance (Aged 0 to 64)	94.2%	\$40,000	
Adults with insurance (Aged 18 to 64)	93.6%	\$39,404	
Children with insurance (Aged Under 19)	95.7%	2009 2014	2019



Civilian Labor Force	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Civilian labor force	93,400	99,300	97,700	97,100	95,900
Employed	86,300	95,800	93,900	92,600	91,700
Unemployed	7,100	3,500	3,900	4,500	4,200
Unemployment rate	7.6	3.5	3.9	4.6	4.4

Establishments, Employment, and Wages by Sector: 2019

	Number of	Average	Total	Average
Industrial Sector	Establishments	Employment	Wages	Weekly Wage
Private Sector	4,419	54,233	\$2,394,987,838	\$849
Goods-Producing	857	13,409	\$772,801,162	\$1,108
Natural Resources and Mining	35	218	\$5,670,091	\$501
Construction	526	3,928	\$253,877,779	\$1,243
Manufacturing	296	9,263	\$513,253,292	\$1,066
Service-Providing	3,562	40,824	\$1,622,186,676	\$764
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	1,061	14,593	\$602,239,314	\$794
Information	65	317	\$17,491,710	\$1,060
Financial Services	422	1,875	\$114,019,179	\$1,169
Professional and Business Services	852	7,790	\$456,033,768	\$1,126
Education and Health Services	439	7,340	\$264,193,050	\$692
Leisure and Hospitality	387	7,065	\$113,785,055	\$310
Other Services	333	1,839	\$53,757,658	\$562
Federal Government		373	\$23,452,546	\$1,211
State Government		112	\$6,876,452	\$1,181
Local Government		6,612	\$308,314,404	\$897

Private Sector total includes Unclassified establishments not shown.

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Private Sector	5.2%	4.6%	18.7%	13.5%
Goods-Producing	0.4%	8.9%	20.5%	10.7%
Natural Resources and Mining	2.9%	1.4%	11.9%	10.6%
Construction	-0.4%	17.0%	37.7%	17.7%
Manufacturing	1.0%	6.0%	13.6%	7.2%
Service-Producing	6.4%	3.3%	17.9%	14.0%
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	2.4%	3.2%	18.9%	15.2%
Information	18.2%	-5.1%	11.8%	17.6%
Financial Services	16.6%	9.0%	43.0%	31.1%
Professional and Business Services	11.1%	0.1%	11.4%	11.4%
Education and Health Services	7.3%	1.2%	13.9%	12.5%
Leisure and Hospitality	0.8%	6.0%	21.7%	14.8%
Other Services	2.8%	15.4%	39.5%	20.9%
Federal Government		35.6%	40.8%	4.1%
State Government		-5.1%	17.6%	24.2%
Local Government		0.7%	15.8%	15.0%

Residential

Construction	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Total units	500	508	629	692	702
Total valuation (000)	\$173,953	\$156,026	\$155,104	\$177,634	\$160,598
Total single-unit bldgs	455	464	587	680	694
Average cost per unit	\$365,016	\$322,957	\$259,200	\$259,991	\$230,602
Total multi-unit bldg units	45	44	42	12	8
Average cost per unit	\$174,909	\$140,327	\$70,333	\$70,000	\$70,000